



Loop Antenna Calibration within the CISPR 16 Series

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CISPR 16 under maintenance - update “below 30 MHz”

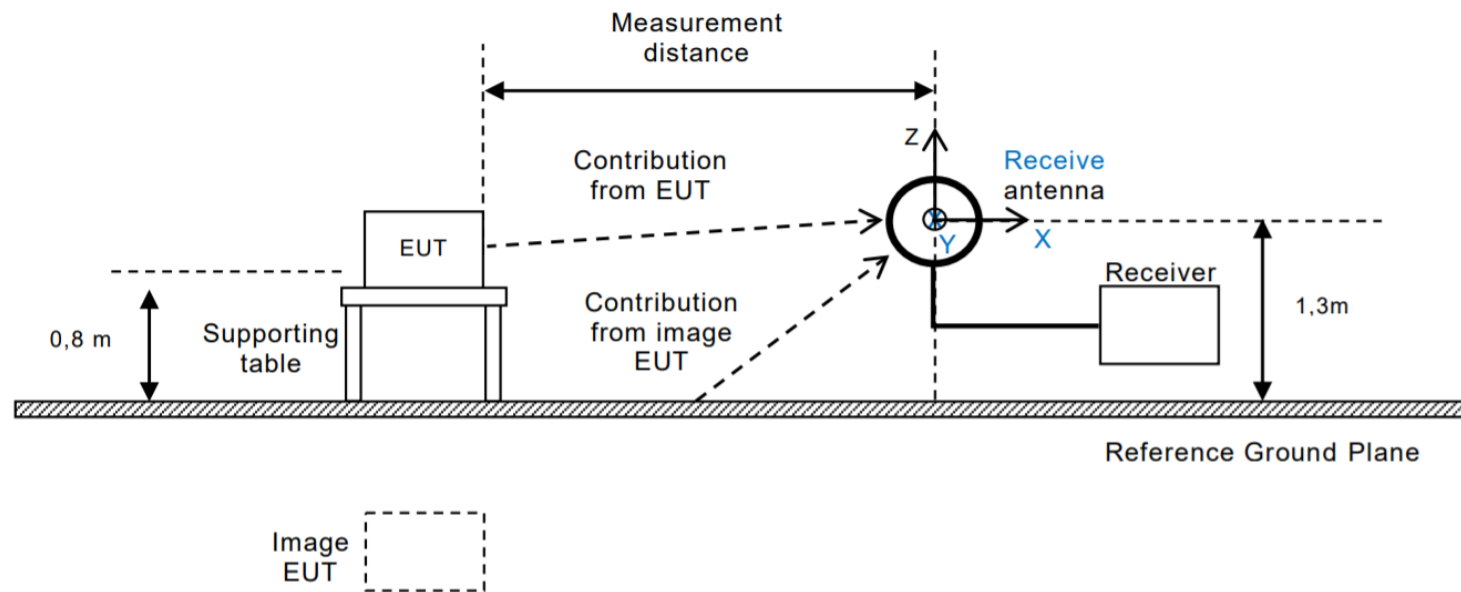
Following standards are updated:

- CISPR 16-2-3: Radiated disturbance measurements
 - Stage : 2nd CD Q1/2022-Q2/2022
- CISPR 16-1-4: Antennas and test sites for radiated disturbance measurements
 - Stage: CDV positive voted Q4/2021-Q1/2022
- CISPR 16-1-6: EMC antenna calibration
 - Stage: FDIS positive voted Q3/2021



New material in CISPR 16-2-3

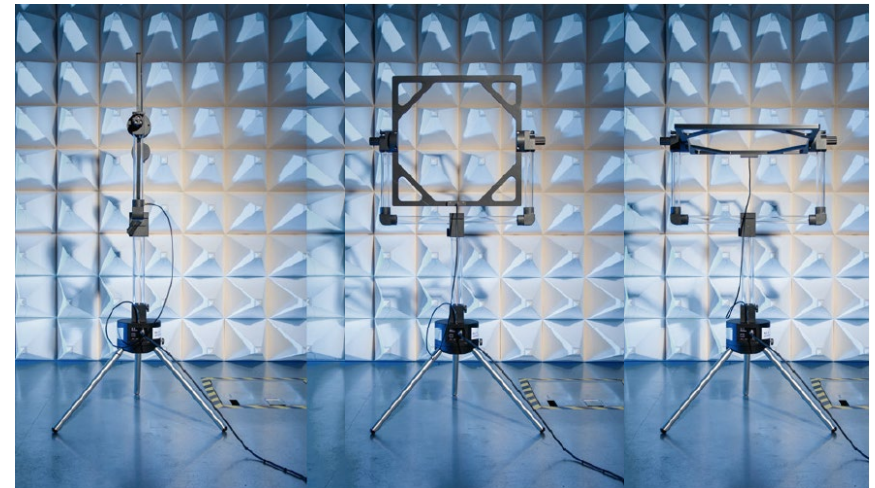
Measurement method for magnetic field disturbance (9 kHz to 30 MHz):





New material in CISPR 16-2-3

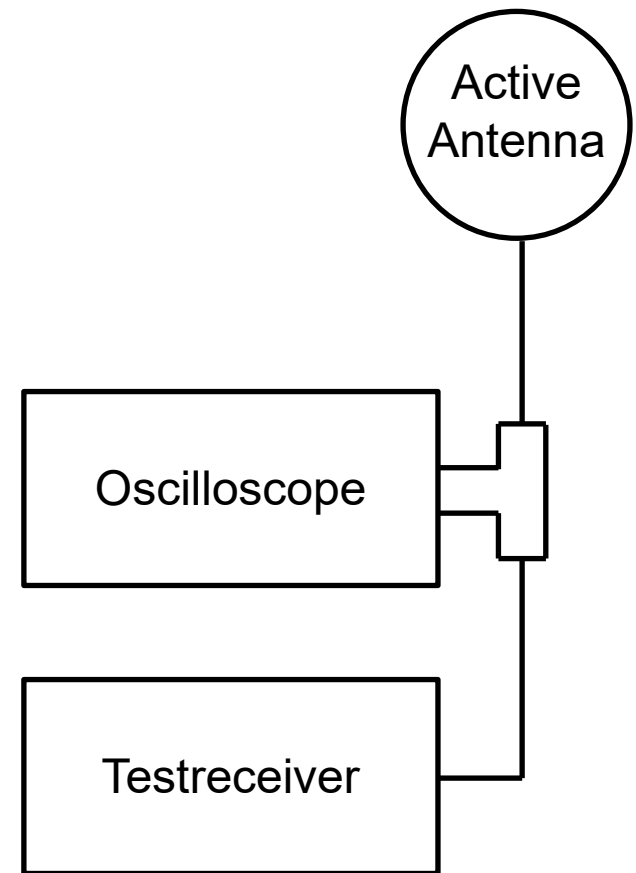
- 3 orthogonal orientations (X,Y, Z) of loop antenna,
- fixed height 1,3 m
- Test distance 3 m, 5 m, 10 m (30 m is considered as in-situ)
- Antenna specification according to CISPR 16-1-4
- Test site validation according to CISPR 16-1-4
- Antenna calibration according to CISPR 16-1-6
- EMI Receiver specification according to CISPR 16-1-1





New material in CISPR 16-1-4 Antenna requirements

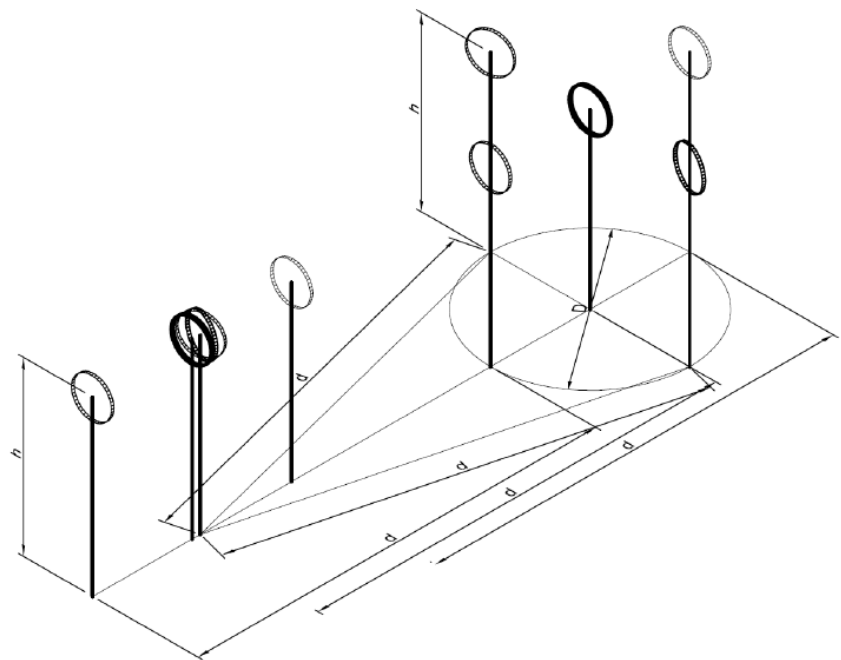
- Maximum size, 60 cm by 60 cm
- Active antennas
 - Large Dynamic range (3 m → 30 m)
 - None CW signals
 - Saturation detection required
 - Integrated detection
 - Observation of antenna output with a scope





New material in CISPR 16-1-4 Test Site Validation

- Similar to “NSA”
- 3 orthogonal orientations (X,Y, Z) of loop antenna
- Test distance 3 m, 5 m, 10 m
- 5 points in volume
- ± 4 dB
- Large dynamic range @ 10 m
 - Power amplifier
 - Active TX antenna
- Beware of ground loops!
[see Ref. 1]





New material in CISPR 16-1-4

Test Site Validation

- Normalized Site Insertion Loss (NSIL)

$$\Delta A_i = V_{\text{DIRECT}} - V_{\text{SITE}} - F_{\text{aH,T}} - F_{\text{aH,R}} - A_{\text{Ni}}$$

- Requires antenna factors → CISPR 16-1-6
- Requires “sum of antenna factors” → CISPR 16-1-4

- Reference Site Method (RSM)

$$\Delta A_i = V_{\text{DIRECT}} - V_{\text{SITE}} - A_{\text{LPR}}$$

- Requires Site Reference → CISPR 16-1-4



New material in CISPR 16-1-4

Sum of antenna factors

- Antennas are used as pair

$$\Delta A_i = V_{\text{DIRECT}} - V_{\text{SITE}} - (F_{aH,T} + F_{aH,R}) - A_{Ni}$$

- Simplified calibration

$$F_{a,TX} + F_{a,RX} = A_i - A_{Ni}$$

- Antenna distance 0,3 – 1 m
- > 1,3 m above ground
- No validation required, but estimation of influence required





New material in CISPR 16-1-4 Reference Site Method

- Loop Pair Reference

$$A_{LPR} = V_{DIRECT,R} - V_{SITE,R}$$

- Calibrated on OATS
 - OATS validated by NSIL method





CISPR 16-1-6 TEM (Crawford) Cell

- Simple calculation of field strength

$$E = \frac{V}{b} = \frac{\sqrt{P_{\text{net}} Z_0}}{b} \quad H = \frac{E}{377 \Omega}$$

- Testing with none CW signals possible
 - Validation of saturation detection circuits
- Size constraints
 - Loop size max. 2/3 of septum height
- Gold standard

References

- [1] A. Kriz, "Ground Loops During Site Validation of Anechoic Rooms Below 30 MHz," 2018 IEEE Symposium on Electromagnetic Compatibility, Signal Integrity and Power Integrity (EMC, SI & PI), Long Beach, CA, 2018, pp. 499-503, doi: 10.1109/EMCSI.2018.8495323.

